

# BTSbot: A Multi-input CNN to Automate and Expedite Bright Transient Identification for ZTF

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## 1. Background

The Zwicky Transient Facility (ZTF)<sup>[1]</sup>  
• Optical time-domain survey with 47 deg<sup>2</sup> field-of-view

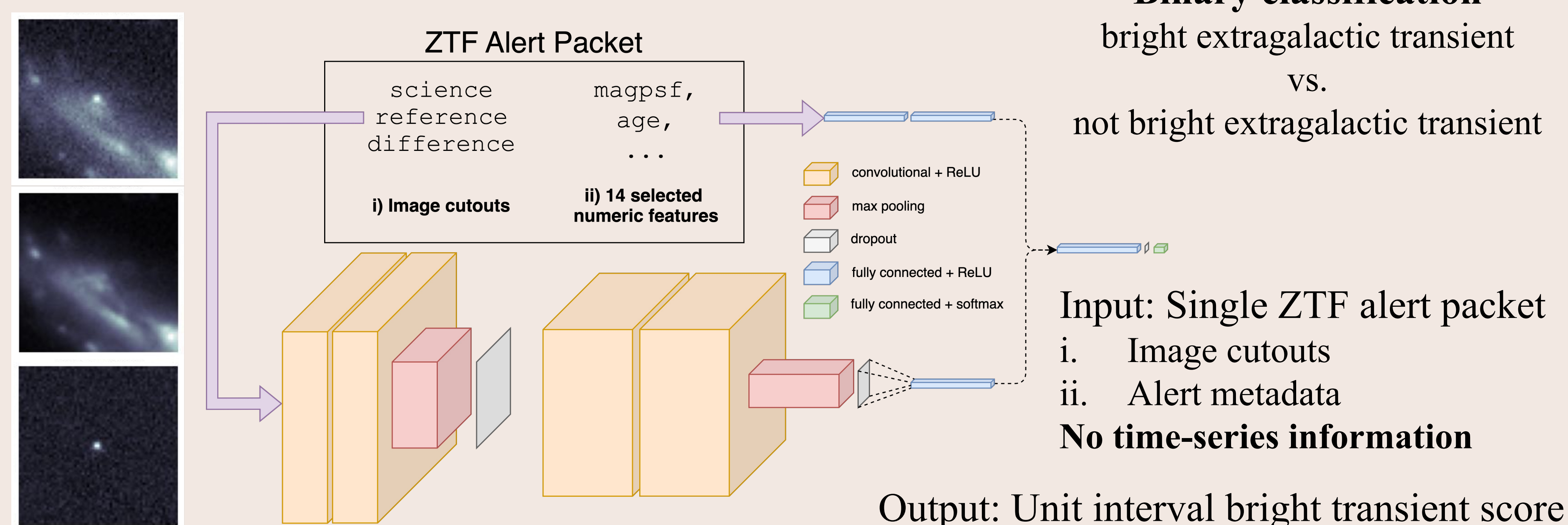
The Bright Transient Survey (BTS)<sup>[2,3]</sup>  
• Spectroscopically classify all extragalactic transients with  $m < 18.5$  mag from ZTF  
• "Scanning": Manual inspection of candidate bright transients

### Project Goals

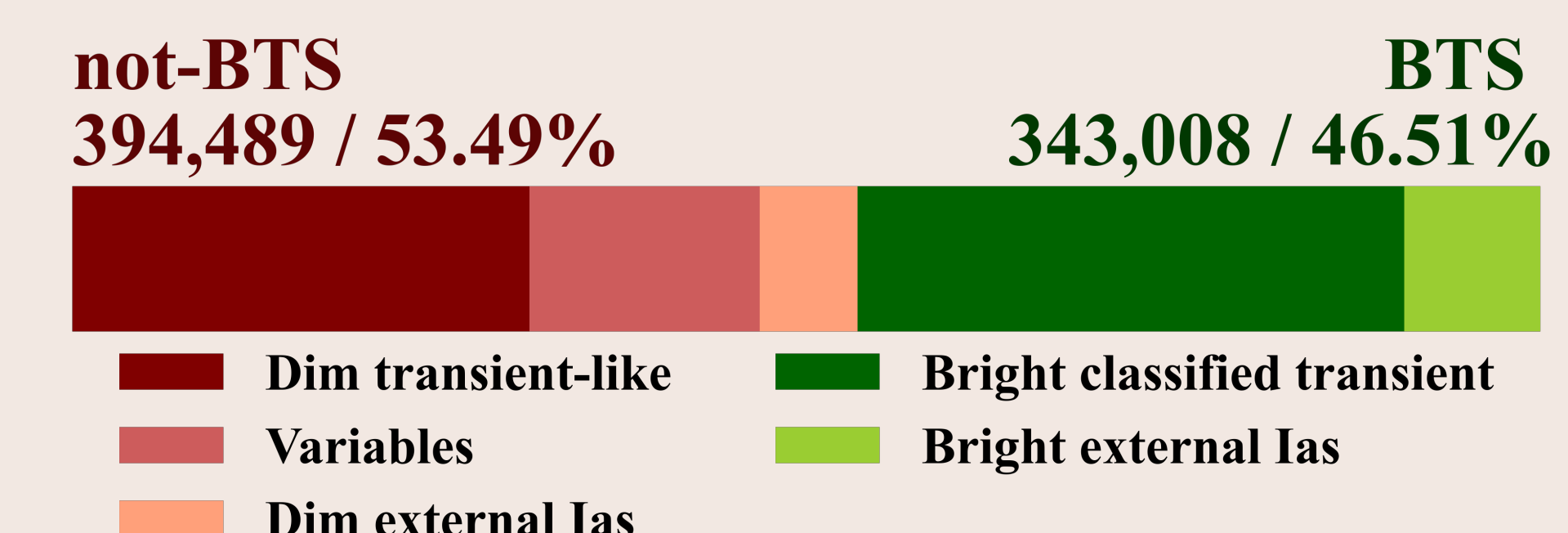
Automate identification of bright transients to  
i. Streamline BTS workflow  
ii. Collect very early supernovae spectra

## 2. BTSbot scope & architecture

Identify ~7 real bright transients from ~50 candidates / night  
Candidates include dim transients, AGN, CVs, variable stars



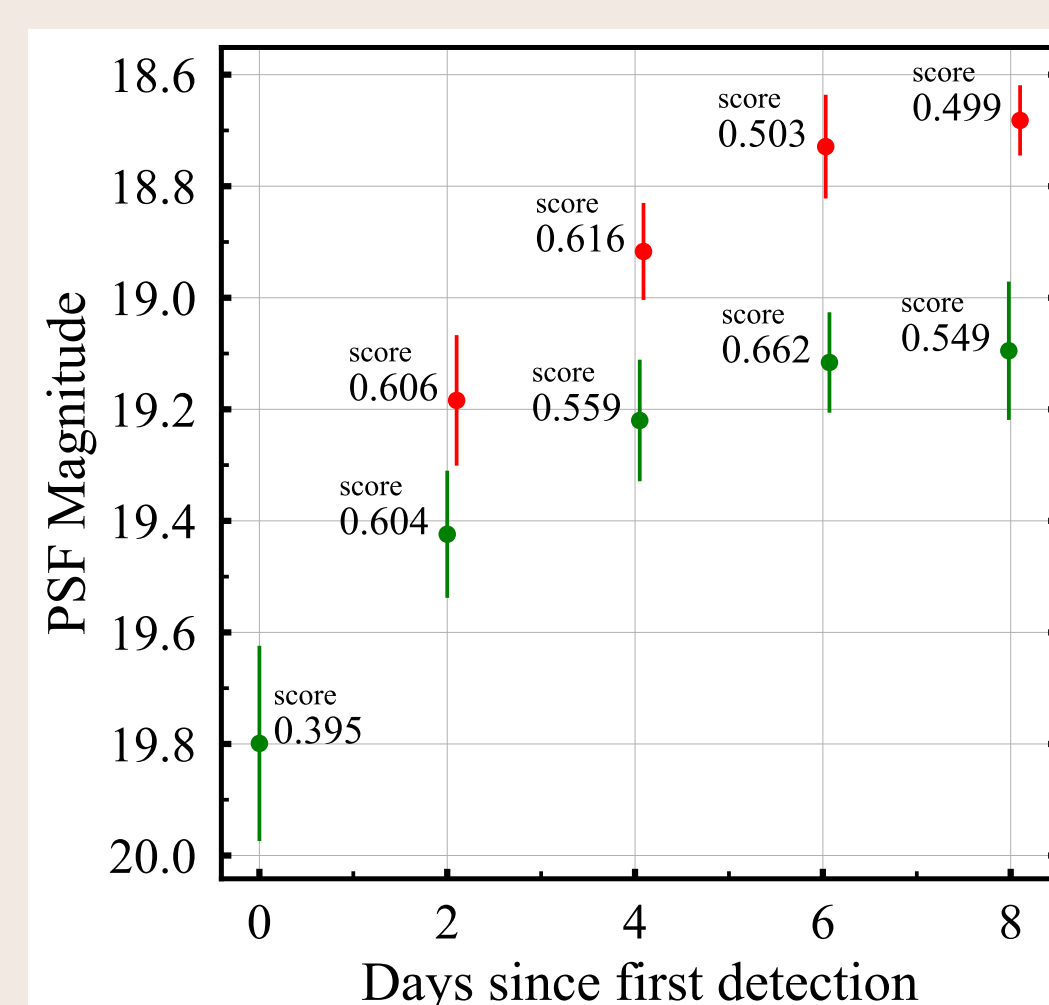
## 3. Training set



Drawing from ZTF archive (2018–Present)  
Labels thanks to years of effort by BTS

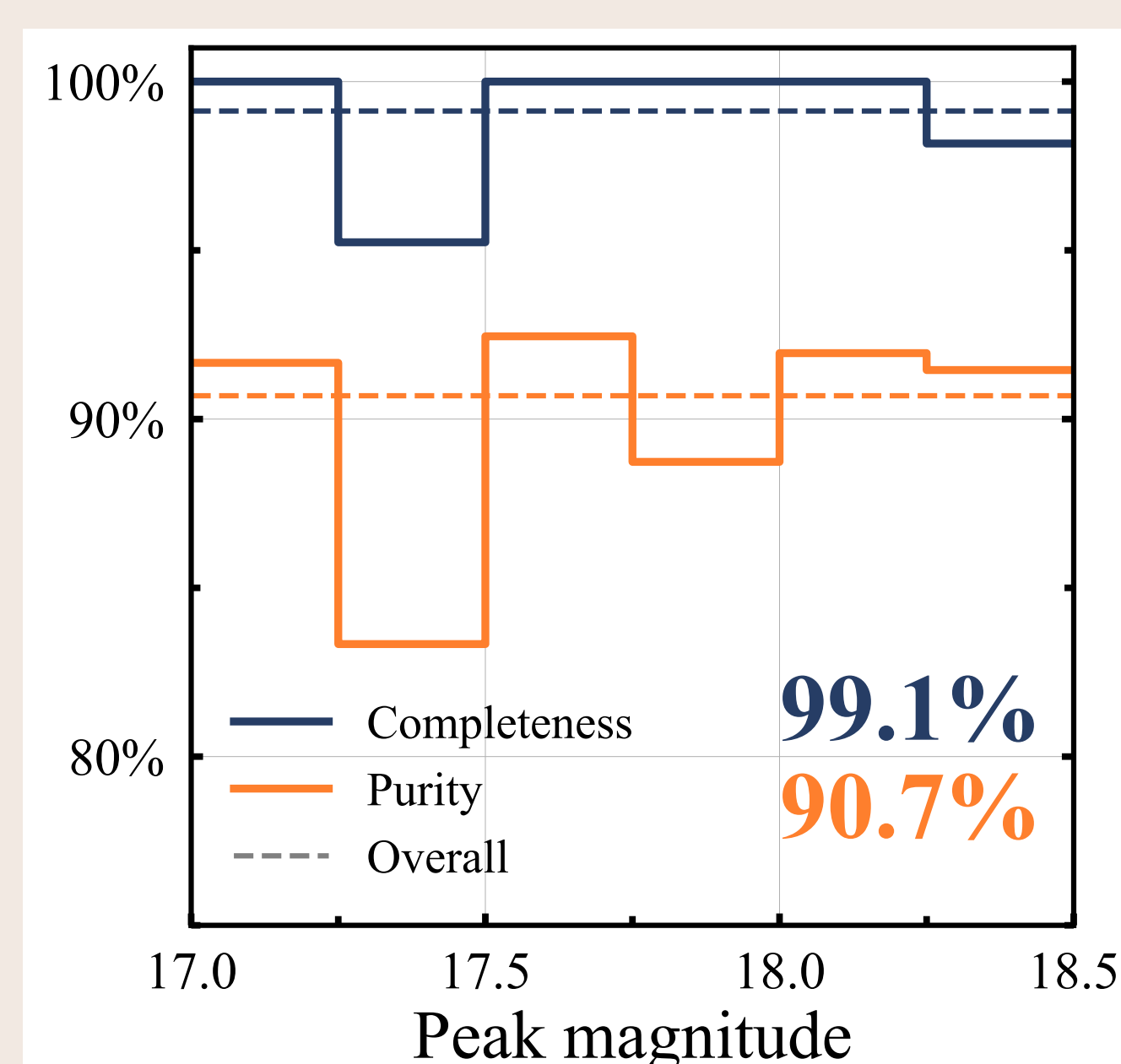
Prevent overfitting  
1. Data augmentation  
2. Thinning alerts  
3. Class weights

## 4. BTSbot performance

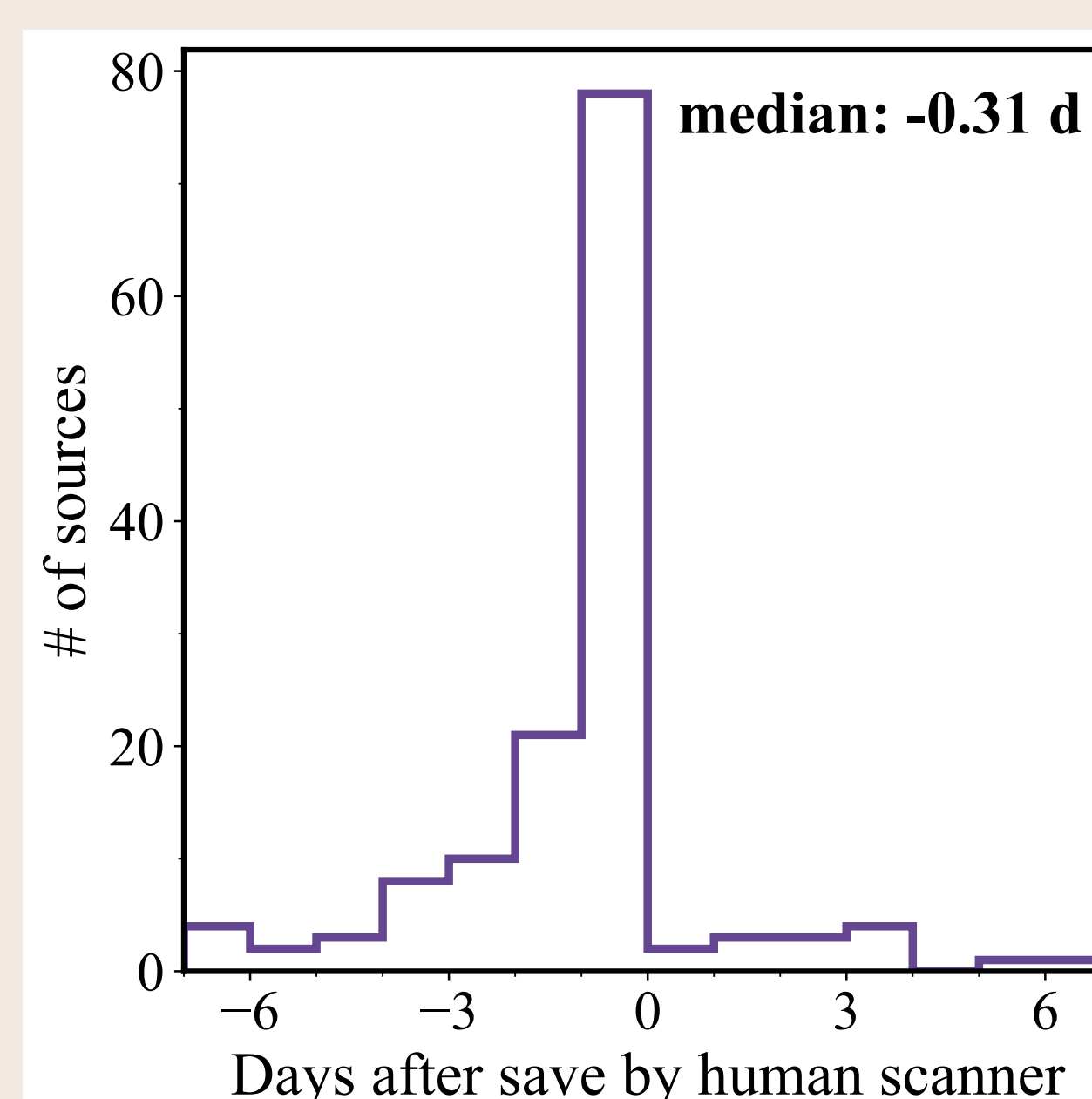


“Policy”: Map sequence of alert-based scores to source-based classification

gt 1: Classify source as bright transient when  $\geq 1$  alert with score  $\geq 0.5$



Properties of mock BTS sample when following BTSbot with gt 1



Identifying sources 0.31 days quicker than human scanners

7.4 hours  $\approx$  1 night  
 $\downarrow$  24-hour speed-up

**Outperforming human scanners in completeness (99.1% to 95.2%) and speed (7.4 hours quicker)**

## 5. SN2023ixf and extremely rapid follow-up

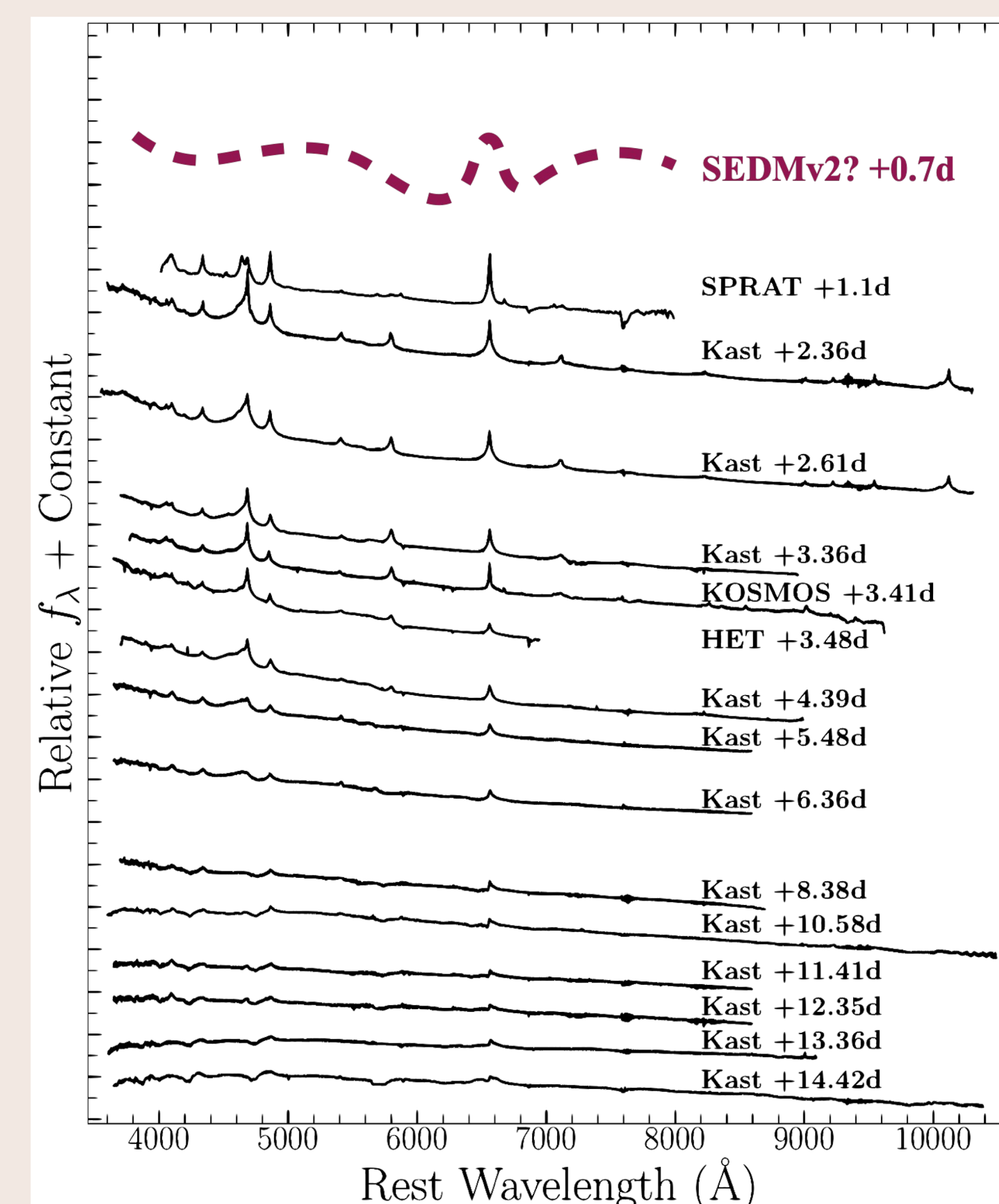


Figure adapted from [6]

### autoscan

Check for new policy-passing sources during night  
Immediately save and request follow-up

### SN2023ixf discovery and follow-up

May 19<sup>th</sup>, 2023 (PDT)

- 14:42: First TNS report<sup>[4]</sup>
- 15:23: First spectrum<sup>[5]</sup>
- 00:45: ZTF detection
  - BTSbot score=0.840
- 01:00: Seen by autoscan
  - Pass gt 1, save source to BTS

- Request spectrum from robotic spectrograph
  - 05:00: End of observing
- Earliest spectrum then 0.4 days earlier  
Probe physics that is otherwise inaccessible

### References

- [1] Bellm, E. C. et al. 2019
- [2] Fremling, C. et al. 2020
- [3] Perley, D. et al. 2020
- [4] Itagaki, 2023
- [5] Perley et al. 2023
- [6] Jacobson-Galán, W. V. et al. 2023